## ATU-10 by N7DDC (David), version by Glenn, VK3PE (May 27 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ 2022)

$27^{\text {th }}$ Oct 2021 ........ minor correction to BOM pages.
$28^{\text {th }}$ Oct 2021 L6 should be T50-6 (not T37)
$2^{\text {nd }}$ Nov 2021 added note to insulate USB-Micro
$5^{\text {th }}$ Nov 2021 corrected error, R1 in BOM as R19
$29^{\text {th }}$ Nov 2021 Info on the 3.5 mm stereo socket added.
$11^{\text {th }}$ Dec 2021 The PCB versions $1.3 \times$ using 0805 parts added info.
Jan $24^{\text {th }} 2022$ Added overlay by value for V1.3x version ( 0805 parts)
March $15^{\text {th }} 2022$ Added info on my PCB versions.

These notes cover the variations of N7DDC's original ATU-10 PCB. I built up one of the original boards from Gerber files released by David in August 2021.
All my own subsequent versions are essentially identical to David's in circuitry.

V1.1 my original version, with just the PIC footprints changed from N7DDC original.
V1.2 minor variations to layout
V1.3x changed 0603 parts to 0805 as easier to solder
V1.32 added alternate BNC footprint
V1.32c added 5k1 resistors on USB-C socket.
V2.0 $8 \times 8$ L/C layout, no software exists for this, PCB NOT made.

> David's Github (Google "N7DDC Github")
> VK3PE's "ATU-10" web page is here.

David never released any Schematic for his project, so I circuit traced the original PCB to come up with my own Schematic version. Now shown as V1.2 on the Schematic. Obviously tracing a PCB is subject to errors and the PCB's I built using my Schematic are subject to the condition that I may have made an error in the Schematic and PCB but so far no issues have been found.

I quickly realised that soldering the two PIC devices will put many off building this QRP ATU.

So, I altered David's original, by choosing easier to solder footprints for the two PIC devices to come up with a new PCB version. A side benefit of this is that the devices I chose are more easily available.

For the PIC16F18877-I/ML I used PIC16F1454-I/SL or -E/SL ie. a SOIC-14 device.

And, for the PIC16F18877-E/MV I used PIC16F18877-I/PT OR -E/PT, a TQFP-44 device (44pins instead of 40pin. In a larger physical device)

This means that U4 \& U5 on Sheet 1 of the Sch are NOT used, refer to Sheet 2 for the parts actually used.

Most of the remaining parts are 0603 footprint, (0805 in later versions) the various Caps and Resistors as per the N7DDC version. While smaller than I would have preferred, they are still do-able for most
homebuilders (I'm 74) as long as you get over the "fear" of SMD parts. At a pinch, the later board for 0805 parts can be fitted with 1206 also.

The next two pages are the actual Schematics I traced. The first sheet (1 of 2 ) shows the original PIC devices while the second sheet shows the devices I substituted. I did it this way rather than re-draw the $1^{\text {st }}$ sheet with the new parts. So, 'ignore' the PIC's on sheet one, and use the Sheet two (2 of 2) PIC's. The Bill of Material (BOM) for my PCB version reflects the changes to the PIC devices. The original parts are shown as NOT FITTED.

Just to be clear, my PCB and Schematic MAY have errors. However, in testing it appears that it works in a similar manner to the original PCB by David. SEE BELOW:

This document also contains an overlay view of the PCB showing each component by value. David's original PCB shows the values and no component Reference numbers as he released no Schematic. My PCB is Version V1. 2 as you can see on the board. (V1.3x changed 0603 parts to 0805)

UPDATE $2^{\text {nd }}$ Sept 2021, David has kindly made a test program available which allows the builder to individually test each relays operation.

I ran this program and discovered that the relay for the 47pF Capacitor (RLY3) was connected to the PIC16F18877 port "RE2" instead of the correct "RE1". This error means I have now updated my Schematic (below) to reflect this correction. The PCB itself moves from V1.1 to V1.2. (I never released V1.1 PCB's though)

29th Nov 2021: It may not be clear but the 3.5 mm stereo socket is the ICOM interface. It enables users to connect to the IC-705 for example to implement the ICOM ATU protocol used by the ATU-10.

11 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ Dec 2021: A later version of the ATU-10 PCB by myself uses all 0805 sized parts in place of the 0603 parts. This is to make it a little easier to solder the parts. The "Version" of these boards increments to V1.3 $x$ with a suffix " $x$ " of small changes made later. An additional resistor, R24, has been added to V1.32. It allows user to connect 3 v 3 to the ICSP connector for programming. It is not listed on the BOM, as just a link can be fitted.

## Kees, K5BCQ may have V1.2 \& V1.3× PCB's available, see his web page or contact by direct email (QRZ.com). Or PM on Group.

NOTE: if NOT using SKT1A (USB-Micro) you will need to insulate the pads when fitting the USB-C connector to avoid potential short. Use Kapton tape or a piece of clear adhesive tape.

The Overlay is shown as V1.1 still, but since there are no changes that affect the Version 1.2, I left it for now as is. V1.3x though has been added.

73's VK3PE, Glenn



## CAUTION, DO NOT SORT THIS DOCUMENT

## 28 th oct 2021. L6 was shown as T37-6 SHoULD BE T50-6 <br> 5th Nov 2021: 2 k 6 was shown as R19, should be R1 \& 10 uF: note re TP 4056 module added <br> 11th Dec 2021 V1.3x replaced all the 0603 parts with $0805 \&$ R23 added <br> Jan 24th 2022 updated to clarify 0805 version changes <br> March 2022 added 5 k 1 resistors for USB-C socket ONLY. V1.32c PCB's

** BOM FOR ATU-10 PCB USING LARGER PIC DEVICES FOR EASIER SOLDERING, BY VK3pe 5th Oct 2021 **

This ATU-10 is based heavily on the original by N7DDC. It was modified to allow use of easier to get and solder, PIC Micros.
$888 \%$ Note all caps 22 pF to 1 nF rated 250 V in tuning section, are $00 \mathrm{G} / \mathrm{NPO}$ types ! 888\%
V1.1 or 1.2
V1.3 version PCB will use 0805 parts instead of 0603 so Digikey and other suppliers parts will change

| See also vk3pe web pages on this project. | Link here. |
| :--- | :--- |
| And suggested build procedure here. | www.carnut.info |


|  | Part type | Designator | Footprint | Changes for V1.3x (0805) | Description | Notes 1 | Digikey or 'other' | Notes 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| QTY | PCB ATU-10 version by vk3pe | Version 1.2 (or 1.1) |  |  | PCB | some Group members have PCB's available. |  | Kees, K5BCQ, may have PCB's or check for Gerbers. |
| 1 | 0.14 H | L7 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T37-6 6t 0.5mm | kitsandparts.com etc | *TOROIDS:- various suppliers available, don't use eBay !!! |
| 1 | 0.22 H | L6 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-6 68 ta 0.5 mm (was shown as T37) | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 0.45 uH | L5 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-2 10 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 10 H | L1 | Toroid ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-1 32 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 1 uH | L4 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-2 141 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 2.2uH | L3 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-2 21 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 4.5uH | L2 | Toroid_ATU-10 |  | Inductor | T50-2 30 T 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | BN43-1502 BALUN CORE | T8 | 'SWR' |  | CORE | ALT. PART BN43-202 ? | kitsandparts.com etc | 0.4mm Copper WIRE required (not critical) |
| 1 | 1 Amp 6v PTC | Fuse1 | 1206 |  |  | Farnell 2848541 | DIGIKEY 507-1806-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 1.25A Fast blow | Fuse 2 | 1206 |  | Fuse | Farnell 2834836 | DIGIKEY 507-1879-1-ND |  |
| 3 | 1000pF/250V COG/NPO | C1 C2 C3 | 0805 |  | Cap | Farnell 2821016 or 2834602 | DIGIKEY 445-15299-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 470.pF/250V COG/NPO | C72 | 0805 |  | Cap | Farnell 3369282 | DIGIKEY 399-15869-1-ND |  |
| 2 | 220pF/250V COG/NPO | C73 774 | 0805 |  | cap | Farnell 3340793 | DIGIIKEY 720-1347-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 1000FF250V COG/NPO | C75 | 0805 |  | Cap | Farnell 2896861 | DIGIKEY 1284-1860-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 47pF/250V COG/NPO | C76 | 0805 |  | Cap | Farnell 2218866 | DIGIKEY 1284-1062-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 22pF/250V COG/NPO | C77 | 0805 |  | Cap | Farnell 1885437 | DIGIKEY 1284-1353-1-ND |  |
| 2 | 49R9 (49.9 OHM) | R13 R14 | 1206 |  | Resistor | Farnell 1631434 | eg DIGIKEY RMCF1206FT49R9C | (1\%) |
| 1 | $220 \mathrm{k} 1 \%$ | R19 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor | Farnell 2447297 or similar |  |  |
| 4 | 1k | R2 R3 R4 R5 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 2 | 220R (2200hms) $1 \%$ is better | R6 R7 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | 22k | R20 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 5 | 10k | R10 R11 R12 R8 R9 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 4 | 47k | R15 R16 R17 R18 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | $2 \mathrm{K6}$ (2K7 OK) | R1 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 2 | 5k1 0603 | R24, R25 |  | (0603 for V1.32C) | Resistor | NOTE 0603 used as limited space. |  |  |
| not fit | short (if used on PCB) | R23 | link with wire or 10R |  | Resistor | This link connects 3v3 to the ICSP port for pros | ogramming the 16F1454 device. |  |
| 8 | 100nF | C10 C11 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 432210 or similar |  |  |
| 58 | 10nF | C12 C18 C19 C20 C21 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 | eg DIGIKEY 399-17880-1-ND |  |
|  | 10 FF | C22 C23 C24 C25 C26 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C27 C28 C29 C30 C31 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C32 C33 C34 C35 C36 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C37 C38 C39 C40 C41 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C42 43 C44 C45 C46 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 nF | C47 C48 C49 C50 C51 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C52 C53 C54 C55 C56 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C57 C58 C59 C60 C61 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C62 C63 C64 C65 C66 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 F | C67 C68 C69 C70 C71 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
|  | 10 FF | C82 883 C 85 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2320802 |  |  |
| 2 | 10uF / 10v X7R | C213, C14 | 1206 |  | Cap | remove 10uF from TP4056 module eBay? | eg DIGIKEY 490-5848-1-ND | NOTE some TP4056 boards only have $1 \times 10$ uF or NONE |
| 2 | 1 nF | C80 C81 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 722170 or similar | eg DIGIKEY 399-17840-1-ND |  |
| 4 | 1uF 10v | C15 C16 C17 C84 | 0603 for V1.1 or V1.2 | (0805 for V1.3x) | Cap | Farnell 2522396 or similar | eg DIGIKEY 311-1796-1-ND |  |
| 2 | 14500 Li-lon cell | B1, B2 | 14500 |  | single cell | 145003.7 V CELL | in VK only, Jaycar SB2301 | eBay \& others |


| 1 | 2N7002 | Q1 | SOT-23 |  | Ifet | Farnell 1859848 | 2N7002 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 3.5 mm STEREO SOCKET | JACK1 | (3.5MM SOCKET) |  | SOCKET | PJ-342, PJ-311D | eBay, ALIEXPRESS ETC | straighten the pins to insert into PCB |
| 2 | 470uF/6V CAP | C78 C79 | DCASE |  | Cap | Farnell 2787443 but note long leadtime | DIGIKEY 399-4701-1-ND | vk3pe used 330uF as it was to hand. |
| 16 | A06604 | SW1 SW10 SW11 SW12 | SOT-23-6 |  | DUAL FET | Farnell not stocked | A06604 Digikey 785-1078-1-nd | (Kees, K5BCQ may have some available) |
|  | A06604 | SW13 SW14 SW15 SW16 | SOT-23-6 |  | DUAL FET | Farnell not stocked |  | Glenn VK3PE may also have some available for VK builders. |
|  | A06604 | SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 | SOT-23-6 |  | DUAL FET | Farnell not stocked |  | za |
|  | A06604 | SW7 SW8 SW9 | SOT-23-6 |  | DUAL FET | Farnell not stocked |  |  |
| 2 | BAT41FILM diode | D1 D2 | SOD |  | Diode | Farnell 2341646 OR 2341644 | DIGIKEY 497-7669-1-ND |  |
| 2 | BAT54S dual diode | D3 D4 | SOT-23 |  | Diode | Farnell 108119402 | DIGIKEY 846-BAT54SHMT116CT-ND |  |
| 2 | BNC R Right ANGLE SKT | COAX1 COAX2 | BNC_RA |  | BNC socket | 5-1634513-1 | DIGIKEY A97569-ND | leBay, Aliexpress, etc TYCO 5-1634513-1 |
| 2 | DUAL LED COMMON ANODE | LED1 LED2 | SIP3 | optional | 3PIN HEADER | Farnell 2114474 |  | OPTIONAL IF OLED NOT USED need $2 \times 3$ pin headers |
| 1 | HEADER 2 PINS 0.1 " pitch | J1 | SIP2 |  | male pins | eg Farnell 1462888 is 40pin, cut to suit all |  | eBay have these in 40pin rows. Cut as required |
| 1 | HEADER 4 PINS 0.14 p pitch | J3 | SIP4 |  | male pins | the headers. |  | eBay have these in 40pin rows. Cut as required |
| 1 | HEADER 2 PINS 0.14 p pitch | J4 | SIP2 |  | male pins | OLED 0.91" $128 \times 32$ | eBay and other suppliers | make short cable for OLED using $2 \times 4$ pin header female |
| 1 | ICSP provision | J2 connector not req'd | 5 holes in PCB ! |  |  | see my assembly information |  | to program PIC16545 with Pickit or equivalent |
| 15 | IM41 latching relays 3 V | RELAY1 RELAY10 | "IM41" footprint |  | PeBay have them | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
|  | 1 M 41 latching relays 3 V | RELAY11 RELAY12 | "IM41" footprint |  | 10 for \$10 | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3 V | RELAY13 RELAY14 | "IM41" footprint |  | buy 2 lots. | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY15 RELAY2 | "IM41" footprint |  |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
|  | 1 M 41 lathing relays 3 v | RELAY3 RELAY4 RELAY5 | "IM41" footprint |  |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
|  | 1 M 41 latching relays 3 V | RELAY6 RELAY7 RELAY8 RELA | "M44" footprint |  |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser eto | NOTE pins to be straightened for fitting |
| 1 | MCP1700T-3302E/TT (3v3 Reg) | U3 | SOT-23 |  | 3V3 REGULATO | Farnell 1296592 (LONG leadtime) | AP2125N-3.3TRG1DICT-ND | AP2138N-3.3TRG1DICT-ND |
| 1 | PIC16F1454-ISL or-E/SL | U5A | SOIC-14 |  |  | Farnell 2305810 | PIC16F1454-I/SL or -E/SL | DIGIIEEY, MOUSER, Newark, Element14/Farnell etc |
| 1 | PIC16F18877-IPT or -E/PT | U4A | TQFP_44 |  |  | Farnell 2564170 | PIC16F18877-I/PT or -E/PT | DIGIKEY, MOUSER, Newark, Element14/Farnell etc |
| 1 | SWITCH PB RIGHT ANGLE | PB1 |  |  |  | EVQ-PF106K (Farnell 2056831 ) | DIGIKEY P10883S-ND |  |
| 1 | TP4056 (Li-lon charger IC) | U1 | SOIC-8 |  | Li-Ion CHGR. IC | TP4056 (REMOVED FROM eBay MODULE) |  |  |
| 1 | USB 'C' socket | SKT1 or:- | USB_C |  |  | USB 'C' smd Mig. 12 PIN | DIGIKEY 2073-USB4105-GF-ACT-ND |  |
| 1 | USB-MICRO 'SMD' | SKT1A (alternate part) | USB_MICRO |  |  | Alternate 'Micro' style USB | DIGIKEY:- 732-3155-1-ND | alternate USB-Micro type on V1.2 pcb (NOT on V1.1) |
| 0 | NOT FITTED | J5 |  |  |  | "RESET" |  |  |
| 0 | PIC16F1454-EMV NOT FIT | U5 NOT FITTED | NOT FITTED |  |  |  |  |  |
| 0 | PIC16F18877-EMV NOT FIT | U4 NOT FITTED | NOT FITTED |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | PIC16F1454-/ISL or -E/SL | U4a | this part is for VK3P | U-10 PCB |  | Farnell have this listed in different footprint | Digikey eg PlC16F1454T-//SL-ND |  |
| 1 | PIC16F18877-I/PT or -E/PT | U5a | this part is for VK3P | U-10 PCB |  |  | Digikey eg PIC16F18877-PTTR-ND |  |
| 1 | Case 3 types suitable | 1) $100 \times 71 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2) $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3) $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  |  | PCB must be cut to fit case options 1) \& 2) | eBay, Aliexpress, Amazon etc |  |
|  |  |  | ) |  |  | - | eBay, Alexpress, Amazon elc | 71 mm case eBay item 273929800323 |
| 2 | Front and rear panels drilled and cut to suit. (NOT available from vk3pe)header jumpers skis for J \& J 4\|caution, don't fit these parts initially. |  |  |  |  | N7DDC Gerbers for panels should fit but NOT | tested. |  |
| as req'd |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| as req'd | External coax cables from Tx and antenna required, also if used with ICOM IC-705 then a male to male 3.5 mm stereo cable is required |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Cell Li.-P 3.7v | type 14500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | Cell Li-P ${ }^{3.7 \mathrm{~V}}$ | type 14500 |  |  |  |  |  |  |



## THIS SHEET IS FOR THE ALTERNATE PIC DEVICES I USED ON THE PCB, NOTE !! U4 \& U5 on sheet one are not used.

V1.3 Sch - PCB is V1.3 (0805 parts)

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## THIS SHEET IS FOR THE ALTERNATE PIC DEVICES I USED ON THE PCB, NOTE !! U4 \& U5 on sheet one are not used.

V1.3 Sch - PCB is V1.3 (0805 parts)



# ATU-10 (vk3pe) PCB assembly. (8"oct 2021) 

## Intro:

This PCB is based on the ATU-10 board designed by N7DDC. The only variation for the boards by vk3pe is that the two PIC devices are now a larger physical type. This achieves two things:

1. Easier to find parts. Both devices are in reasonable supply from the usual outlets at time of writing. The originals are impossible find.
2. Easier to solder. Being larger and with wider spaced pins, means both are much easier to solder down.

The PCB is designated Version "1.2". It was designed by circuit tracing the original PCB by N7DDC in August of 2021. Since there was never an official Schematic ever available from N7DDC, then it must be accepted that there might be some errors. However, having built two PCB's, there have been no faults found in this version.

N7DDC has released a relay test program which enables the finished board to be tested to confirm that all the relays operate as expected. It is highly recommended to use this program before putting the ATU into service. N7DDC's information on this project is at his Github. Goto the Firmware section for the test program and the other Files required.

## Assembly:

This is not a part by part assembly document although it seems I wrote more than I intended! It assumes some basic knowledge at least of reading Schematics, finding parts references in the Bill of Material and soldering skills. Not mention sourcing all the parts needed. I have also provided an overlay of the PCB showing parts by value. There is no need to be frightened of smd assembly if this is your first attempt at it. In fact it's recommended that builders checks out various YouTube videos on this subject before assembling this PCB if you have no smd experience. You only need basic tools. No ovens, heat guns etc are needed.

In the shack here, a 20+year old Hakko926 soldering iron is used, but with a very fine pointed tip. Don't use some old tip you have been using for some time, get a fresh one. Tweezers are needed to pick up the parts. Plus the usual small hand tools. A magnified desk lamp or headset are handy. Make sure you have spares of the smaller parts, as sometimes you may lose them from the tweezers and they are stupidly hard to find on the floor!

## The Case

The V1.2 PCB was designed to suit three different case types. $100 \times 71 \mathrm{~mm}$ as per N7DDC original, $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$. There are lines marked on the PCB which designate where the board should be cut to suit each case size.

- For the $100 \times 71 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, cut the tabs off entirely. It is prudent though to cut a little less and check with the actual case you have.
- For the $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, the V1.2 PCB markings are INCORRECT due to not having an actual case to check the sizing at the time. The case only arrived on the $6^{\text {th }}$ Oct 2021 and is narrower internally than though. Actual width to cut the PCB should be 75.5 mm . This is about 1.5 mm on the inside of the central cut marks on each tab on both sides of the V1.2 PCB, but measure first against your case.

The PCB will be updated to V1.21 to correct the cut line for 82 mm case.

- For the $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, no case is available here either so check carefully. Kees, K5BCQ reports no problems with the 88 mm wide case though.

The PCB must be cut before any assembly begins. Repeat: check your case BEFORE cutting the PCB!

## Recommended assembly sequence:

It's prudent not to fit the PICs or dual FET devices, before testing the 3 v 3 regulator first. Assemble all the small components around the regulator area, the TP4056 (no 14500 cells yet) and then check the regulator actually outputs 3.3 v or close to it. Plug in the USB cable to the PCB and your PC and with a voltmeter, check that the regulator output is actually 3.3 v . If not, find the problem.

Only then can you proceed with other parts. Fit the dual FET devices first as its difficult to fit them if the capacitors adjacent to them are fitted. Note there is a tiny 'dot' on the PCB which designates pin 1 of the FET. When you fit the FET make sure it's dot aligns with the PCB dot. It can be very hard to see the dot on the FET. I suggest only soldering ONE pin of each FET so you can double check orientation again. You may need a magnifier and try the FET at different angles to see the dot. (The BAT41 diodes are similar, hard to see the bar at the cathode end)

Then you can fit all the other parts except the relays, toroids, SWR ferrite and BNC sockets. Fit the header pins for the OLED and J1 \& J4. (J5 is not fitted.) Don't fit the links on J1 \& J4 yet. Unless you are going to use the dual LED's, don't bother fitting LED1 \& LED2 header pins. Wait until the end of the build to fit the 3.5 mm socket. You need to carefully straighten the pins on the socket with pliers to fit into the PCB.

If using the OLED display, a short cable will be needed to connect it to the PCB. In this build, header pins were fitted to the OLED also so a short cable with header receptacles (socket) needs to be made. This is the cable used, assuming use of a standard case. It's a good idea to identify the "Vcc" wire in the cable so that you orient the cable correctly on the OLED and PCB. I used red heat shrink as you can see. The cable is made from an offcut from a piece of ribbon cable. This is the cable for the standard 71 mm wide case. Other cases may require a longer cable.


Then you can fit the PIC16F1454 device. It's a SOIC-14 footprint and easy to solder, use a minimum of solder though. DON'T fit the other PIC yet. Check orientation.

## Programming the Firmware

Now the PIC can be programmed. You will need a Pickit3 or Pickit4 or equivalent which can be found on eBay etc. The Pickit2 might work, I don't know.
This is a typical "clone Pickit3"
Connect the programmer to
 the ICSP pins. Observe the pin numbers, pin 1 of the Pickit (white triangle) goes to pin 1 of the ICSP connector on the board which is marked with a " 1 ". (It's also a square pad) Note pin 6 is not used. I just fit header pins in the holes without soldering them as it's only needed once. Maintain a bit of sideways pressure on the pins to ensure contact while programming.
Plug the Pickit into the ATU-10 ICSP as above using a USB port on your PC.
Plug another USB cable into
your PC and into the ATU-10.
Run the AP, Microchips "MPLAB X IPE v5.45" (earlier versions might also work.) available from the Microchip web site.

Select the PIC16F1454 as below: (down the page)
Click on the "Connect" button and you should see a dialogue with 'connected' shown. le the Plckit is connected.

Click on the "Browse" button and navigate to the "raw_1454.hex" file on your PC. (Downloaded from Github)
Click on the "ERASE" Button, wait a few seconds, then "PROGRAM". After a few period, the PIC16F1454 should be programmed. You only ever need to do this once as all updates after this to Firmware are done via a copy/paste, details below which is below.
Disconnect the USB cable.


The following memory area(s) will be verified:
program memory: start address $=0 \times 0$, end address $=0 \times 1$ fff
configuration memory
User Id Memory
Verification successful

Now fit the PIC16F18877 device. And plug the ATU-10 back into your PC USB. A window should pop up on your PC with a file "README.HTM" Don't bother to read it, that's not required.

By now you should have copied the Firmware file from N7DDC's Github for the latest ATU-10 version. Unzip the ZIP file. Eg "ATU_FW_V12.HEX" (As of writing, the actual latest firmware is V1.3 but the downloaded file just says "ATU-10.HEX")

Select the .HEX file with your mouse (left mouse click etc) and then paste it (right click) into the Window that popped up with the README.HTM
A new 'progress bar' window will pop up for a few seconds and the PIC16F18877 is now programmed! If not, the most likely cause is that the 2 connections from the USB socket and PIC16F18877 have a dry joint.

Unplug the USB cable and connect the OLED display using the cable made as above. ENSURE that the Vcc connection is correct on the OLED and the OLED header pins on the ATU-10.

Plug the USB cable back in and the OLED should spring to life !!

A short press on the front panel button should show "RESET" on the display. A longer press should say "TUNE".

Now, you need to load the rest of the parts. The relays are a bit tricky as you need to carefully straighten all the pins first using fine tipped needle nosed pliers. I fitted all the relays at once but turning the PCB over, you are bound for many if not all to fall out. Not good. (Ask how I know)

Before turning over, place a piece of scrap PCB over the relays, to hold them all down, turn over the PCB very carefully ensuring no relays fall out. Solder using a long tipped fine tip ONE pin on each of the relays. No need to fill the holes, just make sure the solder seems to wick down into the hole as the relay pins are very short.

Turn the board back over, no relay should fall out but if you observe them carefully they may not all be sitting flat on the PCB. To correct this, stand the PCB vertically with the solder side toward you, place your finger on each relay in turn and re-melt that ONE pin you soldered. The relays should then sit flatter. Repeat for all. ONLY when happy with the fitment, solder the rest of the pins. I repeat, ONLY when happy with fitting, solder the rest of the pins. It won't be easy if you have to remove them.

Now you can wind and fit the toroids and balun core for SWR section. Remember, EACH wire through the toroid is ONE turn. If you want to be pedantic and have an inductance meter, you could measure each inductance before fitting. Not really needed I think.

Fit the BNC connectors. Solder the central pin first then check the connector is at right angles out of the PCB. If nit, heat up the pin and correct. Solder one ground pin and check again. I just soldered two opposite ground pins on my build.

Before fitting the 14500 cells, check the output of the TP4056 at pin 5 . It should be about $4-4.2 \mathrm{Vdc}$. Then you can fit a link on J1 header. This connects the Cells to the TP4056.

Once the cells are fitted you can monitor the charge current if you have a USB in-line voltmeter/current meter 'gadget' available on eBay. Charge initially will be about $350-400 \mathrm{~mA}$ steadily dropping to about 10 mA trickle charge.

However, it's best if the cells are both in the same charged condition before fitting if possible. I temporarily fitted each cell in turn to the ATU-10 board and allowed them to fully charge first. i.e. Charge current eventually reduced to about a 10 mA trickle rate. Make sure you fit them with the correct polarity! The ones I bought don't have an obvious +ve end. (Use a digital multimeter for this and mark the Positive end to avoid confusion and smoke!) Then fit the now fully charged cells to the board. A piece of stiff copper wire can be used fitted into the PCB and soldered to the cells. To reduce any risk of damage to the cells by soldering them, I bought cells with solder tags on them.


## TESTING

Refer to N7DDC's Github page for details of operations.

At this stage it's a good idea to check if all relays actually operate correctly. David, N7DDC, has provided a test program, "Relay_Test.ZIP" on his Github page under ATU-10 Firmware, which allows the builder to test operation of each relay in turn, using the button on the front panel to cycle through the relays. Operation of the program is self-explanatory on the OLED screen. Use the same procedure as above, to load this test software.

I won't detail the whole sequence except to briefly say how I verified the relay operation. When you run the test program you need to RESET all relays to the normal condition which is how the contacts are shown on my Schematic. Using an ohm meter in continuity mode (ie buzzer), place it across the appropriate pins of the relay being tested to see if the relay actually changes state. Repeat for each relay.

Once all relays have been verified for operation, reload the latest Firmware. And. $\qquad$

## Happy tuning

Vk3pe

Just a short note on Parts for this project

I bought a resistor pack from eBay for the 0603 parts. Plenty of them with left overs for your "junk box". If you buy just parts specified in the BOM, make sure you order extra parts. SMD parts have a habit of getting easily lost!

## 80 Value 4000pcs 0603 SMD SMT 1\% 10 ohm -910K ohm RESISTOR Assortment Kit

I didn't check on the 0603 capacitors as I had most of them already. I did though buy the 250v and some other capacitors from Farnell/Element14 but the BOM by N7DDC lists Digikey numbers for most of the parts.

## There are world-wide shortages of components, especially IC's and semiconductors. You may need to do some hunting to find some parts in stock.

Both PIC devices in the packages used on the PCB are readily obtainable from Mouser, Digikey and Farnell (Newark) and maybe Microchips on-line shop.

There are three types of Dual FET devices that can be used. See N7DDC or my BOM.

I bought AO6604 devices from Utsource.com at about US\$00.13 each (100) plus shipping.

Relays IM41 are usually available from suppliers above but much cheaper at 10 for US $\$ 10$ on eBay. Buy 2 lots. Get them as soon as you can as they may run out.

# ATU-10 by N7DDC (David), version by Glenn, VK3PE (sept $5^{\text {min 202.-2 }}$ 

 $11^{\text {th }}$ Dec 2021 Version 1.3 using 0805 parts instead of 0603.These notes cover the variations of N7DDC's original ATU-10 PCB. I built up or? of th? original boards from Gerber files released by David in August 2021.

## David's Github (Google "N7DDC Githut,'),

VK3PE's "ATU-10" web nage is rere.
I quickly realised that soldering the two PI : d d vices will put nal y rif ouiiu'na this QRP ATU.

David never released any Schematic for his, ir iject, so I circu t tracon th.. origina: PCB to come up with my own Schematic version. Now जown as V1.2 \& V1j on the Scheriatic depending on which PCB I had made.

Obviously tracing a PCB is subject to errors and the PCB's I built using my Schemat c are subject to the condition that I may have made an error in the Schematic and PCr,

Then, I altered David's original, by choosing easier to solder footprints $f$ fr the tro PIC devices to come up with a new PCB version. A side benefit of this is thai the d_vices I chose are more easily cvilable.

For the PIC16F .8877-I/N.' I used PIC16F1454-I/SL or -E/ $\operatorname{\text {L}}$ ie. a SOIC-14 device.

And, for the PIC16F188:7-E/MV = used PIC16F18877-I/PT Ok -E/PT, a TQFP-44 device (44pins instead of 40pin. In : larger p.'vsical device)

Thi: means that U4 \& U5 on Shee +1 of tri: Sch are NOT used, refer to Sheet 2 for the , arts actually used.

Mos'of the remaining parts are 0805 footprin: the various Caps and Resistors.
SMD is stil, do-able for most homebuilders ( $\mathrm{I}^{\prime} \leqslant 73$ ) as long as you get over the "fear" of SMD paris.

When as emiling this V1.3 PCB please note that the USB-Micro pads need to be insulated if the USB_C.
Use Karton tape or a small piece of normal clear adhesive tape.

Ie The actual schematic is identical to V1.2 and indeed original N7DDC version, j1.si the footprints of the 0603 parts have been altered to 0805 in the V1.3 PCB. S $\mathrm{m} \geq$ slight shuffling of locations on the PCB was required to do this.
Dec 11 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ 2021: A V1.3× PCB has been sourced and built.

The following sheets in this document are:-

- Schematic V1.3
- Bill of Material (BOM) V1.3 derived frsin i'i. schematic
- Component overlay of the V1.3 PCF showing paris by values.
- Suggested assembly, programmi ig ari tesi :nforination. (Same as V1.3)

73's
Glenn VK3PE


## THIS SHEET IS FOR THE ALTERNATE PIC DEVICES I USED ON THE PCB, V1.3

## V1.3 Sch - PCB is V1.3 (0805 parts)

NOTE !! U4 \& U5 on sheet one are not used.



Designator 78



## CAUTION, DO NOT SORT THIS DOCUMENT

27th oct 2021, C80, C81 were shown as Inductor, corrected to 0 (Oap .
Dec 11th 2021 (ON V1.3 or later, 0603 parts now 0805 parts.)
** BOM FOR ATU-10 PCB USING LARGER PIC DEVICES FOR EASIER SOLDERING, BY VK3PE 5th Oct 2021 **
(This BoM was derived from the V1. 2 PCB Schematic.)
This ATU-10 is based heavily on the original by N7DDC. It was modified to allow use of easier to get and solder, PIC Micros
$\% \% \%$ Note all caps 22 pF to 1 nF rated 250 V in tuning section, are COG/NPO types ! \% \% \%
For PCB by vk3pe Version 1.1 or 1.2
See al/so vk3pe web pages on this project.
http:/www.carrut.info/ATU_N7DDC/ATU-10/ATU-10\%20build.htm

| QTY | Part type | Designator | Footprint | Description | Notes 1 | Digikey or | Notes |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | PCB ATU-10 version by vk3pe | Version 1.3 or later |  | PCB |  |  | Kees, K5BCQ, may have PCB's or check for Gerbers. |
| 1 | 0.14 H | L7 | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T37-6 6t 0.5mm | kitsandparts.com etc | * TOROIDS:- various suppliers available, don't use eBay !!! |
| 1 | 0.22 uH | L6 | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T37-6 8 8t 0.5mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 0.45 uH | L5 | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T50-2 10 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 10uH | L1 | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T50-1 32 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 1 uH | L4 | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T50-2 144 t 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 2.2uH | L3 | Toroid ATU-10 | Inductor | T50-2 21 ta 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 4.5uH |  | Toroid_ATU-10 | Inductor | T50-2 30 T 0.5 mm | kitsandparts.com etc |  |
| 1 | 1 Amp 6v PTC | Fuse1 | 1206 |  | Farnell 2848541 | DIGIKEY 507-1806-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 1.25A Fast blow | Fuse 2 | 1206 | Fuse | Farnell 2834836 | DIGIKEY 507-1879-1-ND |  |
| 3 | 1000pF/250V COG/NPO | C1 C2 C3 | 0805 | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 445-15299-1-ND |  |
| 8 | 100nF | C10 C11 C4 C5 C6 C7 C8 C9 | 0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
| 1 | 100pF/250V COG/NPO | C75 | 0805 | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 1284-1860-1-ND |  |
| 5 | 10k | R10 R11 R12 R8 R9 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 58 | 10nF | C12 C18 C19 C20 C21 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C22 C23 C24 C25 C26 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C27 C28 C29 C30 C31 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C32 C33 C34 C35 C36 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C37 C38 C39 C40 C41 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C42 C43 C44 C45 C46 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C47 C48 C49 C50 C51 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C52 C53 C54 C55 C56 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C57 C58 C59 C60 C61 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C62 C63 C64 C65 C66 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C67 C68 C69 C70 C71 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
|  | 10nF | C82 C83 885 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
| 2 | 10uF | C213, C14 | 1206 | Cap | remove from TP4056 module eBay |  | eBay 1S charger (check it contains TP4056, most do.) |
| 2 | 14500 Li-lon cell | B1, B2 | 14500 | single cell | 14500 3.7V CELL |  | eBay \& others |
| 4 | 1 k | R2 R3 R4 R5 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 2 | 1 nF | C80 C81 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
| 4 | 1 uF | C15 C16 C17 C84 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Cap |  |  |  |
| 1 | 220k 1\% | R19 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 2 | 220pF/250V COG/NPO | C73 C74 | 0805 | cap |  | DIGIKEY 720-1347-1-ND |  |
| 2 | 220R (2200hms) 1\% is better | R6 R7 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | 22k | R20 | -0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | 22pF/250V COG/NPO | C77 | 0805 | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 1284-1353-1-ND |  |
| 1 | 2K6 (2K7) | R19 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | 2N7002 | Q1 | SOT-23 | fet |  | 2N7002 |  |
| 1 | 3.5 mm STEREO SOCKET | JACK1 | (3.5MM SOCKET) | SOCKET | PJ-342, PJ-311D | eBay, ALIEXPRESS ETC | straighten the pins to insert into PCB |
| 1 | $470 \mathrm{PF} / 250 \mathrm{~V}$ COG/NPO | C72 | 0805 | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 399-15869-1-ND |  |
| 2 | $4704 \mathrm{~F} / 6 \mathrm{~V}$ CAP | C78 C79 | DCASE | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 399-4701-1-ND |  |
| 4 | 47k | R15 R16 R17 R18 | '0603 (0805 on v1.3 OR LATER) | Resistor |  |  |  |
| 1 | 47pF/250V COG/NPO | C76 | 0805 | Cap |  | DIGIKEY 1284-1062-1-ND |  |
| 2 | 49R9 (49.9 OHM) | R13 R14 | 1206 |  |  |  |  |
| 16 | A06604 | SW1 SW10 SW11 SW12 | SOT-23-6 | DUAL FET |  | AO06604 Digikey 785-1078-1-nd | try also Utsource.com (Kees, K5BCQ may have some available) |
|  | A06604 | SW13 SW14 SW15 SW16 | SOT-23-6 | DUAL FET |  |  |  |
|  | A06604 | SW2 SW3 SW4 SW5 SW6 | SOT-23-6 | DUAL FET |  |  |  |
|  | A06604 | SW7 SW8 SW9 | SOT-23-6 | DUAL FET |  |  |  |
| 2 | BAT41FILM | D1 D2 | SOD | Diode |  | DIGIKEY 497-7669-1-ND |  |


| 2 | BAT54S | D3 D4 | SOT-23 | Diode |  | DIGIKEY 846-BAT54SHMT116CT-ND |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | BN43-1502 BALUN CORE | T8 | 'SWR' | CORE | ALT. PART BN43-202 ? |  | 0.4 mm Copper WIRE required (not critical) |
| 2 | BNC Right ANGLE SKT | COAX1 COAX2 | BNC_RA | BNC socket | 5-1634513-1 | DIGIKEY A97569-ND | eBay, Aliexpress, etc |
| 2 | DUAL LED COMMON ANODE | LED1 LED2 | SIP3 | 3PIN HEADER | DUAL LED COMMON ANODE |  | OPTIONAL IF OLED NOT USED need $2 \times 3$ pin headers |
| 1 | HEADER 2 PINS 0.1" pitch | J1 | SIP2 | male pins |  |  | eBay have these in 40pin rows. Cut as required |
| 1 | HEADER 4 PINS 0.1" pitch | J3 | SIP4 | male pins |  |  | eBay have these in 40pin rows. Cut as required |
| 1 | HEADER 2 PINS 0.1 " pitch | J4 | SIP2 | male pins | OLED 0.91" 128x32 | eBay and other suppliers | make short cable for OLED using $2 \times 4$ pin header female |
| 1 | ICSP provision | J2 |  | PADS ON PCB! |  |  | to program PIC16545 with Pickit or equivalent |
| 15 | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY1 RELAY10 | "IM41" footprint | eBay have them | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY11 RELAY12 | "IM41" footprint | 10 for \$10 | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY13 RELAY14 | "IM41" footprint | buy 2 lots. | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
|  | 1 M 41 latching relays 3 v | RELAY15 RELAY2 | "IM41" footprint |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY3 RELAY4 RELAY5 | "IM41" footprint |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
|  | IM41 latching relays 3v | RELAY6 RELAY7 RELAY8 RELA | "IM41" footprint |  | latching relays | eBay, Digikey, Mouser etc | NOTE pins to be straightened for fititing |
| 1 | MCP 1700T-3302E/TT (3v3 Reg) | U3 | SOT-23 | 3V3 REGULATOA |  | AP2125N-3.3TRG1DICT-ND | AP2138N-3.3TRG1DICT-ND |
| 1 | PIC16F1454-I/SL or -E/SL | U5A | SOIC-14 |  | Farnell 2564170 ??? | PIC16F 1454-I/SL or -E/SL | DIGIKEY, MOUSER, Newark, Element14/Farnell etc |
| 1 | PIC16F18877-I/PT or -E/PT | U4A | TQFP_44 |  | Farnell | PIC16F18877-I/PT or -E/PT | DIGIKEY, MOUSER, Newark, Element14/Farnell etc |
| 1 | SWITCH PB RIGHT ANGLE | PB1 |  |  | RIGHT ANGLE PB SW. EVQ-PF106K | DIGIKEY P10883S-ND |  |
| 1 | TP4056 (Li-lon charger IC) | U1 | SOIC-8 | Li-lon CHGR. | TP4056 (REMOVED FROM eBay MODULE) |  |  |
| 1 | USB 'C' socket | SKT1 or:- | USB_C |  | USB 'C' smd Mtg. 12 PIN | DIGIIKEY 2073-USB4105-GF-ACT-ND |  |
| 1 | USB-MICRO 'SMD' | SKT1A (alternate part) | USB_MICRO |  | Alternate 'Micro' style USB | DIGIKEY:- 732-3155-1-ND | * alternate USB-Micro type on V1.2 pcb (NOT on V1.1) |
|  | NOT FITTED | J5 |  |  | "RESET" |  |  |
| 0 | PIC16F1454-E/MV | U5 NOT FITTED | NOT USED |  | PIC16F 1454-IMV | PIC16F 1454-IMV | PIC16F1454-E/MV not fitted! |
| 0 | PIC16F18877-E/MV | U4 NOT FITTED | NOT FITTED UQFN 40 |  | PIC16F18877-EMV ('IMV' OK TOO) | PIC16F18877-E/MV ('IMV' OK TOO) | NOT FITTED ! ! |
| NA | link | R23 | may need to be linked to | 6F1454 programm |  | or:- Mouser 710-629105136821 |  |
| 1 | Case 3 types suitable | 1) $100 \times 71 \times 25 \mathrm{~mm}$ 2) $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ | 3) $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$ |  | PCB must be cut to fit case options 1) \& 2) | eBay, Aliexpress, Amazon etc | V1.1 pcb only fits 71 mm case, V1.2 suits all cases listed. |
| 1 | Front and rear panels drilled and cut to suit. (NOT available from vk3pe but drawing will be available soon.) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2 | External coax cables from Tx and antenna required, also if used with ICOM IC-705 then a male to male 3.5 mm stereo cable is required |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

This is a preface to the suggested assembly document which follows.
References to V1.2 should be replaced with V1.3x. The only difference is that in V1.3, all 0603 parts were replaced by 0805 parts.

Vk3pe

# ATU-10 (vk3pe) PCB assembly. (8"oct 2021) 

## Intro:

This PCB is based on the ATU-10 board designed by N7DDC. The only variation for the boards by vk3pe is that the two PIC devices are now a larger physical type. This achieves two things:

1. Easier to find parts. Both devices are in reasonable supply from the usual outlets at time of writing. The originals are impossible find.
2. Easier to solder. Being larger and with wider spaced pins, means both are much easier to solder down.

The PCB is designated Version "1.2". It was designed by circuit tracing the original PCB by N7DDC in August of 2021. Since there was never an official Schematic ever available from N7DDC, then it must be accepted that there might be some errors. However, having built two PCB's, there have been no faults found in this version.

N7DDC has released a relay test program which enables the finished board to be tested to confirm that all the relays operate as expected. It is highly recommended to use this program before putting the ATU into service. N7DDC's information on this project is at his Github. Goto the Firmware section for the test program and the other Files required.

## Assembly:

This is not a part by part assembly document although it seems I wrote more than I intended! It assumes some basic knowledge at least of reading Schematics, finding parts references in the Bill of Material and soldering skills. Not mention sourcing all the parts needed. I have also provided an overlay of the PCB showing parts by value. There is no need to be frightened of smd assembly if this is your first attempt at it. In fact it's recommended that builders checks out various YouTube videos on this subject before assembling this PCB if you have no smd experience. You only need basic tools. No ovens, heat guns etc are needed.

In the shack here, a 20+year old Hakko926 soldering iron is used, but with a very fine pointed tip. Don't use some old tip you have been using for some time, get a fresh one. Tweezers are needed to pick up the parts. Plus the usual small hand tools. A magnified desk lamp or headset are handy. Make sure you have spares of the smaller parts, as sometimes you may lose them from the tweezers and they are stupidly hard to find on the floor!

## The Case

The V1.2 PCB was designed to suit three different case types. $100 \times 71 \mathrm{~mm}$ as per N7DDC original, $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ or $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$. There are lines marked on the PCB which designate where the board should be cut to suit each case size.

- For the $100 \times 71 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, cut the tabs off entirely. It is prudent though to cut a little less and check with the actual case you have.
- For the $100 \times 82 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, the V1.2 PCB markings are INCORRECT due to not having an actual case to check the sizing at the time. The case only arrived on the $6^{\text {th }}$ Oct 2021 and is narrower internally than though. Actual width to cut the PCB should be 75.5 mm . This is about 1.5 mm on the inside of the central cut marks on each tab on both sides of the V1.2 PCB, but measure first against your case.

The PCB will be updated to V1.21 to correct the cut line for 82 mm case.

- For the $100 \times 88 \mathrm{~mm}$ case, no case is available here either so check carefully. Kees, K5BCQ reports no problems with the 88 mm wide case though.

The PCB must be cut before any assembly begins. Repeat: check your case BEFORE cutting the PCB!

## Recommended assembly sequence:

It's prudent not to fit the PICs or dual FET devices, before testing the 3 v 3 regulator first. Assemble all the small components around the regulator area, the TP4056 (no 14500 cells yet) and then check the regulator actually outputs 3.3 v or close to it. Plug in the USB cable to the PCB and your PC and with a voltmeter, check that the regulator output is actually 3.3 v . If not, find the problem.

Only then can you proceed with other parts. Fit the dual FET devices first as its difficult to fit them if the capacitors adjacent to them are fitted. Note there is a tiny 'dot' on the PCB which designates pin 1 of the FET. When you fit the FET make sure it's dot aligns with the PCB dot. It can be very hard to see the dot on the FET. I suggest only soldering ONE pin of each FET so you can double check orientation again. You may need a magnifier and try the FET at different angles to see the dot. (The BAT41 diodes are similar, hard to see the bar at the cathode end)

Then you can fit all the other parts except the relays, toroids, SWR ferrite and BNC sockets. Fit the header pins for the OLED and J1 \& J4. (J5 is not fitted.) Don't fit the links on J1 \& J4 yet. Unless you are going to use the dual LED's, don't bother fitting LED1 \& LED2 header pins. Wait until the end of the build to fit the 3.5 mm socket. You need to carefully straighten the pins on the socket with pliers to fit into the PCB.

If using the OLED display, a short cable will be needed to connect it to the PCB. In this build, header pins were fitted to the OLED also so a short cable with header receptacles (socket) needs to be made. This is the cable used, assuming use of a standard case. It's a good idea to identify the "Vcc" wire in the cable so that you orient the cable correctly on the OLED and PCB. I used red heat shrink as you can see. The cable is made from an offcut from a piece of ribbon cable. This is the cable for the standard 71 mm wide case. Other cases may require a longer cable.


Then you can fit the PIC16F1454 device. It's a SOIC-14 footprint and easy to solder, use a minimum of solder though. DON'T fit the other PIC yet. Check orientation.

## Programming the Firmware

Now the PIC can be programmed. You will need a Pickit3 or Pickit4 or equivalent which can be found on eBay etc. The Pickit2 might work, I don't know.
This is a typical "clone Pickit3"
Connect the programmer to
 the ICSP pins. Observe the pin numbers, pin 1 of the Pickit (white triangle) goes to pin 1 of the ICSP connector on the board which is marked with a " 1 ". (It's also a square pad) Note pin 6 is not used. I just fit header pins in the holes without soldering them as it's only needed once. Maintain a bit of sideways pressure on the pins to ensure contact while programming.
Plug the Pickit into the ATU-10 ICSP as above using a USB port on your PC.
Plug another USB cable into
your PC and into the ATU-10.
Run the AP, Microchips "MPLAB X IPE v5.45" (earlier versions might also work.) available from the Microchip web site.

Select the PIC16F1454 as below: (down the page)
Click on the "Connect" button and you should see a dialogue with 'connected' shown. le the Plckit is connected.

Click on the "Browse" button and navigate to the "raw_1454.hex" file on your PC. (Downloaded from Github)
Click on the "ERASE" Button, wait a few seconds, then "PROGRAM". After a few period, the PIC16F1454 should be programmed. You only ever need to do this once as all updates after this to Firmware are done via a copy/paste, details below which is below.
Disconnect the USB cable.


The following memory area(s) will be verified:
program memory: start address $=0 \times 0$, end address $=0 \times 1$ fff
configuration memory
User Id Memory
Verification successful

Now fit the PIC16F18877 device. And plug the ATU-10 back into your PC USB. A window should pop up on your PC with a file "README.HTM" Don't bother to read it, that's not required.

By now you should have copied the Firmware file from N7DDC's Github for the latest ATU-10 version. Unzip the ZIP file. Eg "ATU_FW_V12.HEX" (As of writing, the actual latest firmware is V1.3 but the downloaded file just says "ATU-10.HEX")

Select the .HEX file with your mouse (left mouse click etc) and then paste it (right click) into the Window that popped up with the README.HTM
A new 'progress bar' window will pop up for a few seconds and the PIC16F18877 is now programmed! If not, the most likely cause is that the 2 connections from the USB socket and PIC16F18877 have a dry joint.

Unplug the USB cable and connect the OLED display using the cable made as above. ENSURE that the Vcc connection is correct on the OLED and the OLED header pins on the ATU-10.

Plug the USB cable back in and the OLED should spring to life !!

A short press on the front panel button should show "RESET" on the display. A longer press should say "TUNE".

Now, you need to load the rest of the parts. The relays are a bit tricky as you need to carefully straighten all the pins first using fine tipped needle nosed pliers. I fitted all the relays at once but turning the PCB over, you are bound for many if not all to fall out. Not good. (Ask how I know)

Before turning over, place a piece of scrap PCB over the relays, to hold them all down, turn over the PCB very carefully ensuring no relays fall out. Solder using a long tipped fine tip ONE pin on each of the relays. No need to fill the holes, just make sure the solder seems to wick down into the hole as the relay pins are very short.

Turn the board back over, no relay should fall out but if you observe them carefully they may not all be sitting flat on the PCB. To correct this, stand the PCB vertically with the solder side toward you, place your finger on each relay in turn and re-melt that ONE pin you soldered. The relays should then sit flatter. Repeat for all. ONLY when happy with the fitment, solder the rest of the pins. I repeat, ONLY when happy with fitting, solder the rest of the pins. It won't be easy if you have to remove them.

Now you can wind and fit the toroids and balun core for SWR section. Remember, EACH wire through the toroid is ONE turn. If you want to be pedantic and have an inductance meter, you could measure each inductance before fitting. Not really needed I think.

Fit the BNC connectors. Solder the central pin first then check the connector is at right angles out of the PCB. If nit, heat up the pin and correct. Solder one ground pin and check again. I just soldered two opposite ground pins on my build.

Before fitting the 14500 cells, check the output of the TP4056 at pin 5 . It should be about $4-4.2 \mathrm{Vdc}$. Then you can fit a link on J1 header. This connects the Cells to the TP4056.

Once the cells are fitted you can monitor the charge current if you have a USB in-line voltmeter/current meter 'gadget' available on eBay. Charge initially will be about $350-400 \mathrm{~mA}$ steadily dropping to about 10 mA trickle charge.

However, it's best if the cells are both in the same charged condition before fitting if possible. I temporarily fitted each cell in turn to the ATU-10 board and allowed them to fully charge first. i.e. Charge current eventually reduced to about a 10 mA trickle rate. Make sure you fit them with the correct polarity! The ones I bought don't have an obvious +ve end. (Use a digital multimeter for this and mark the Positive end to avoid confusion and smoke!) Then fit the now fully charged cells to the board. A piece of stiff copper wire can be used fitted into the PCB and soldered to the cells. To reduce any risk of damage to the cells by soldering them, I bought cells with solder tags on them.


## TESTING

Refer to N7DDC's Github page for details of operations.

At this stage it's a good idea to check if all relays actually operate correctly. David, N7DDC, has provided a test program, "Relay_Test.ZIP" on his Github page under ATU-10 Firmware, which allows the builder to test operation of each relay in turn, using the button on the front panel to cycle through the relays. Operation of the program is self-explanatory on the OLED screen. Use the same procedure as above, to load this test software.

I won't detail the whole sequence except to briefly say how I verified the relay operation. When you run the test program you need to RESET all relays to the normal condition which is how the contacts are shown on my Schematic. Using an ohm meter in continuity mode (ie buzzer), place it across the appropriate pins of the relay being tested to see if the relay actually changes state. Repeat for each relay.

Once all relays have been verified for operation, reload the latest Firmware. And. $\qquad$

## Happy tuning

Vk3pe

Just a short note on Parts for this project

I bought a resistor pack from eBay for the 0603 parts. Plenty of them with left overs for your "junk box". If you buy just parts specified in the BOM, make sure you order extra parts. SMD parts have a habit of getting easily lost!

## 80 Value 4000pcs 0603 SMD SMT 1\% 10 ohm -910K ohm RESISTOR Assortment Kit

I didn't check on the 0603 capacitors as I had most of them already. I did though buy the 250v and some other capacitors from Farnell/Element14 but the BOM by N7DDC lists Digikey numbers for most of the parts.

## There are world-wide shortages of components, especially IC's and semiconductors. You may need to do some hunting to find some parts in stock.

Both PIC devices in the packages used on the PCB are readily obtainable from Mouser, Digikey and Farnell (Newark) and maybe Microchips on-line shop.

There are three types of Dual FET devices that can be used. See N7DDC or my BOM.

I bought AO6604 devices from Utsource.com at about US\$00.13 each (100) plus shipping.

Relays IM41 are usually available from suppliers above but much cheaper at 10 for US $\$ 10$ on eBay. Buy 2 lots. Get them as soon as you can as they may run out.

